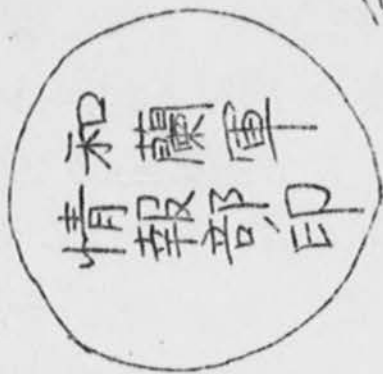


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Ex 1713

No 1



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RETURN TO ROOM 361

書類番号第五八二号

證明書

下名和蘭軍情報部 ^(R.N.I. A 中尉 タルズヨングニール) 戦争犯罪課長ハ先ヅ
正式ニ宣誓、後左記標題、添附宣誓供述
書ハ同情報部公式記録ヨリ採録サレタルコト
ヲ陳述ス。

「逃亡俘虏ノ處刑ニ関スル一九四六年
六月七日附「G. J. デイツセベルト」ノ宣
誓陳述」

署名 タルズヨングニール (署名)

バタビア、一九四六年六月七日

蘭領東印度檢事總長事務局附高等官
R. N. I. A 中尉タル余 K. A. デウサアード、面
前ニ於テ署名、宣誓ス。

署名 K. A. デウサアード

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宣誓供述書

バタビア居住 R.N.I.A. (K.N.I.L.)

中尉、東亜、亜西亜問題係官、

「G. J. デイセグエルト」ノ供述

宣誓、後た記、通り陳述ス。

私、三十三才、和蘭國人、和蘭「アーンヘム」生レ、
永住地、現在居住ニテナル「バタビア」デアリマス。
一九四三年四月十九日（若シ私、記憶ニ誤ガ無
ケレバ）私ハ教団前收容所ニ移サレタカリノ「バンドン」
「フランス」オプ「グアウ」デイングス「ゲス」タイ「ヒト」カラ
「補給大隊」收容所ニ移サレタ。此、收容
所、日本軍警備隊ハ「カワカツ」大尉、指揮
下ニアリタ。

一九四三年四月二十二日、朝、私が宿泊ニテタ
家（軍隊集會所向ト側ノ「ソニエタイト」通りノ末
端ニアル第八級宿屋）ノ前ニ立ツテタ時、日本
人兵士、一團ガ数人、日本人將校ニ伴ハレテ、
後手ニ縛ラレタ「オランダ」兵士三人ヲ引ツッ
テ行クヲ見マシタ。私ハ當テ此ノ三人ノ人達ヲ、
當時日本軍警備隊ニ占據サレテタ軍隊
集會所デ見タコトガアリ、ソレヲ彼等ニ收容所
ヲ脱走ニヨウトニ捕ヘラレタコトヲ知ツタ。

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「カワカツ」大尉ハ此等將校ニ向ツテ訓示ヲシマシタ。ソレヲ
彼ハ私ニ翻譯スル様命ジシタガ、此、訓示ハ大略次、如キ
モノデアリマシタ。此等三人、軍人ハ脱走セントスル重大ナ
犯罪ヲ犯シタ。彼等ハ今其、罪ヲ償ハネバサラヌ。
此處ニ居ル「オランダ」將校ハ此、逃亡ヲ防ギ得ナカツ
タトイフ怠慢、故ニ此、犯罪ニ對シテ責任ガアルモ
トサレル。

次デ犠牲者達ハ目隠シサレ、「カワカツ」命令デ
六人、日本兵ガ列外ニ出デ、各犠牲者、前ニ二人宛
銃創ヲツタ銃ヲ持ツテ夫レゾレ、位置ニ着キマシタ。
「カワカツ」言葉ト、トラレタ準備行動トカラシテ、
結局死刑ガ執行サレル、ダト私ハ知ツタ、デ「カワカツ」
大尉、所ヘ行キ、三人、軍人、最後、遺言ヲ書キ取ッテ
ヤツテヨイカドウカ尋ネマシタ。彼ガ承諾ヲ與ヘミ
タノデ、私ハ三人、所ヘニキ、彼等、名前ト最モ近い
縁故者、名前ヲ手帳ニ書キ取リマシタ。

其、後私ハコノ記録ヲ「ボウルス」中佐ニ手渡シ
マシタ。彼等、名前ハ「ヒールケマ」「メルクス」及「カ
ルセン」デアリマシタ。(多分綴字ハ間違ッテ耳ルカモ
シレマセン) 最初、二人ハ「K. N. I.」隊員デ、
No. 3 後、三人目ハ國民軍水兵デアリマシタ。「カルセン」
ハ目隠シナシテ死ニタイト願ヒマシタ。此、願ハ私
ニヨツテ「カワカツ」ニ傳ヘラレ、彼、許可ヲ得テ目
隠シガ取リ外サレマシタ。

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其處デ「カワカツ」ハ始メト命令シ日本兵達ハ所要
ノ位置ヲトル爲ニ前後ニ飛ビ廻リ始メマシタ。「カール
セン」ハ叫ビマシタ「オランダ女王萬歲」。日本兵達
ハ彼等ノ犠牲者ヲ銃劍デ突キ始メマシタ。コレハ
暫クノ間續キマシタ。「オランダ」將校ノ一人「ラムベ
博士」ハ虐殺ノ光景ヲ見ルニ耐ヘズ、氣ヲ失ヒマシタガ、
日本人將校ノ何人カハ之ヲ大イニ興カリマシタ。
暫クシテ犠牲者達ハ傷デ蔽ハレ、有刺針金ニ括タリ
ブラ下ツテキマシタ。「カールセン」ハ早ク息ガ絶エタ様
デシタガ、二人ノ兵士ノ中ノ一人ハ出血スル傷口ニ覆ハレタ
苦悶ノ身体ヲ引キ起シテ「俺ハ未ダ死ンデハナイ。俺
ハ未ダ生キテナル」ト言ヒマシタ。其處デ再ビ虐殺ガ日本
兵ノ満足スル迄行ハレマシタ。我々ハ兵舎ニ歸ル様命セラ
レマシタガ刑場ヲ去ル時私ハ一人ノ日本人將校ガ、第三ノ犠牲
者（「カールセン」デモナク、又苦悶ノ中ヲ立チ上ツタ男デモナイ）
ノ所ニ歩ミヨツテ、拳銃デ彼ノ頭ヲ射ツノヲ見マシタ。
明ラキニ此ノ男ハ未ダ死ンデハ平ナカツタノデシタ。

署名 G. J. デイセフェルト署名 /

No. 4

一九四六年六月七日 蘭領東印度檢事總長
事務局附高等官 R. N. I. A 中尉 K. A.
ウチアード」ノ面前ニ於テ署名宣誓アリ。

K. A. ウチアード / 署名 /

C E R T I F I C A T E

The undersigned CHARLES JONGINEEL, first lieutenant R.N.I.A. Head of the War Crimes Section of NETHERLANDS FORCES INTELLIGENCE SERVICE (NEFIS) being first duly sworn on oath deposes and states that the annexed Affidavit, entitled:

Sworn statement of G. J. DISSVELT, dated June 7th 1946, concerning execution of escaped prisoners of war.

has been taken from the official records of the NEFIS.

SIGNATURE: /s/ Charles Jongeneel

SLAL

Batavia, June 7th 1946

/s/ K. L. de Weerd

Subscribed and sworn to before me, K. L. de WEERD, first lieutenant R.N.I.A. Higher Official attached to the Office of the Attorney-General, N.E.I.

EXHIBIT NO. 1713A

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Affidavit

STATEMENT OF: **A. J. DISSVELT**, official for East Asiatic Affairs; 1st. Lt. R.N.I.A. (K.N.I.L.), living at Batavia.

Duly sworn states: I am 33 years of age, of Dutch nationality and born at ARNHEM, HOLLAND (HOLLAND). My permanent home is BATAVIA where I am living at present.

On April 19th 1942 (if I am not mistaken) I was transferred from the "Landsopvoedingsgesticht" at BANDOENG, where I had been interned a few days before, to the internment camp Depot Battn. The Japanese guard detachment, (Keibitai) of this camp was under command of Capt. "KAWAKATSU". Attached to him were a.o. 1st. Lt. "SATO" and W.O. "WATANABE".

Dutch Camp Commandant was Col. "TOOROP" and Capt. Inf. "M. PAULISSIN" was his adjutant. Interpreters for liaison with the Japanese Camp Command were, Res. 1st. Lt. Inf. "A. V. de PEER", "G. J. JONGEJANS" and myself, after my transfer from the L.O.G. Col. "TOOROP" was transferred in the night of the 21/22nd of April and in his function of Camp Commandant he was succeeded by Lt. Col. "POULUS".

In the morning of the 22nd of April 1942, when I stood in front of the house where I was lodged, (a 8th class house at the end of SOCIETITSTRAAT, opposite the Military Club), I saw a group of Japanese soldiers, passing along, accompanied by a number of Japanese officers, leading three Dutch privates whose hands were tied together on their backs. I had seen these 3 persons before at the Military Club, then occupied by the Japanese guard detachment, and I knew that said persons were caught during an attempt to escape from the camp. If I am not mistaken requests were made by the Dutch Camp Command for the release of these escapees through the interpreter Lt. "de PEER," but without success.

I received orders to join the group and I at once asked W.O. "WATANABE", who was one of the accompanying Japs, what all this meant. He informed me that these people had been caught during an endeavour to escape, whereby one of them was found to be in possession of a revolver (or: had used a revolver, I am not sure which) and that they were to be punished now.

Upon our arrival at the ground in front of the encampment A.111 "Luchtdeel" the three Dutch military were fastened to the barbed wire fence with their hands, tied

together on their backs. As behind them the lodgings of numerous P.W.'s were located, I got some hope that my fear of execution was unfounded, because apparently no shooting could be done here.

At approximately 10 yards distant from the victims, facing the victims, the Dutch Unit Commandants had to line up, e.g. Lt. Col. "POULUS", Capt. "M. PAULISSEN", Lt. Cols. "KILINK", "VILLEN", "KILZEL", "van ALTIMA", Med. Off. 1st. Cl. "LAMPE", Maj. "SANTOSO" and Capt. "YOF PO SIOE".

Capt. "KAMAKATSU" delivered a speech to these officers, which he ordered me to translate; this speech amounted to the following: these three military had committed a serious transgression, by attempting to escape, for which they had to atone now. The Dutch officers present were held responsible for this transgression, because owing to laxity they had not been able to prevent the escape.

The victims were then blindfolded and by orders of "KAMAKATSU" 6 Japanese soldiers fell out and took up their positions: two in front of each victim, rifle in hand with fixed bayonet.

As I understood from "KAMAKATSU"'s words and from the preparations made that an execution would take place after all, I went up to Capt. "KAMAKATSU" and asked him whether it would be permitted to take down the last wishes of the 3 military. After he had given his consent I went up to them and took down in a note-book their names and the names of their nearest relatives.

Afterwards I passed these data on to Lt. Col. "POULUS". Their names were: "VILKUNA", "LEHUS" and "KARSSINS" (possibly not spelled in the right way). The first two were of the K.N.I.L., the third was a militia sailor. "KARSSINS" asked the favour of dying unblindfolded. This request, passed on to "KAMAKATSU" by me, was granted by him and the bandage was taken off.

Thereon "KAMAKATSU" gave the order to commence and the Japs started jumping to and fro to take up the required position. "KARSSINS" exclaimed, "Long live the Queen", and the Japs commenced bayoneting their victims, which went on for some time. One Dutch officer (Dr. "LAMPE") could not bear the slaughter, and collapsed, much to the amusement of some Japanese officers. After some time the victims, covered with wounds, were hanging limply on the barbed wire. "KARSSINS" probably died quickly but one of the two soldiers drew up his tortured body covered with bleeding wounds, and said: "I am not yet dead, I am

still alive." Perceon the slaughter recommenced until the Jap was satisfied. We were ordered to return to the barracks and on leaving the grounds I saw a Japanese officer go up to the 3rd victim (not "KARSSINS", nor the man who had stood up during his agony) and shoot him through the head with his revolver. Evidently this man had not yet died.

In the afternoon the corpses were loosened from the barbed wire fence, under supervision of the above mentioned Lt. "JONGIJANS" and W.O. "WATANABE" and taken to the burial grounds.

Signature: /s/ G. J. Dissevent

Sworn before me: "K. A. de WLEED", 1st Lt. N.E.I., senior official attached to the Attorney General, N.E.I.

Signature: /s/ K. A. de Waerd

This 7th day of June 1946.